

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
EL PASO DIVISION

FILED

2012 APR 11 PM 2:14

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,
v.

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA
aka "Chapo",

§ CRIMINAL NO. EP-12-CR-

SP

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SE A L E D
I N D I C T M E N T

§ CT 1: 18 U.S.C. §1962(d) - RICO Conspiracy;
§ CT 2: 21 U.S.C. §§ 846 & 841(a)(1),
§ (b)(1)(A)(ii) & (vii) - Conspiracy to possess a
§ controlled substance, over 5 kilograms of
§ cocaine, and over 1000 kilograms of marihuana;
§ CT 3: 21 U.S.C. §§ 963, 952(a) & 960(a),
§ (b)(1)(B) & (G) - Conspiracy to import a
§ controlled substance, over 5 kilograms of
§ cocaine, and over 1000 kilograms of marihuana;
§ CT 4: 18 U.S.C. §1956(h) - Conspiracy to
§ launder monetary instruments;
§ CT 5: 18 U.S.C. §§ 2 & 924(o) - Conspiracy to
§ Possess Firearms In Furtherance of Drug
§ Trafficking Crimes and Aid and Abet;
§ CTS 6 - 10: 18 U.S.C. §§ 2 & 1959(a)(1) & (5)-
§ Violent Crimes in aid of racketeering activity,
§ and Aid and Abet,
§ Tex. Penal Code §§ 7.01, 7.02, 15.01, 15.02,
§ 19.02, and 19.03 - Conspiracy to Commit and
§ Commit, Murder and Kidnapping;
§ CT 11: 21 U.S.C. §848(e)(1)(A)- Murder While
§ Engaging In or Working In Furtherance of a
§ Continuing Criminal Enterprise or Drug
§ Trafficking;
§ CT 12: 21 U.S.C. §§ 848(b)(1) and (2)(A) -
§ Engaging in a Continuing Criminal Enterprise
§ in furtherance of Drug Trafficking;
§ CT 13: 18 U.S.C. § 956(a) - Conspiracy to Kill
§ In a Foreign Country; and
§ CT 14: 18 U.S.C. §§ 2 & 1201 - Kidnapping
§ and Aid and Abet.

EP 12CR0849

Defendants.

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

COUNT ONE

The “Sinaloa Cartel” Enterprise

1. At all times relevant to this Indictment, the Defendants, (1) JOAQUIN

GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

, and others

known and unknown, were members and associates of the Sinaloa Cartel, a criminal organization whose members and associates engaged in: (a) the illegal trafficking of cocaine and marijuana; (b) the laundering of drug proceeds; and (c) acts of violence, including, kidnaping, torture and murder of those who lose or steal assets from, are disloyal to, or are perceived as enemies of the Sinaloa Cartel, and which operated principally in the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere in the United States.

2. The Sinaloa Cartel, including its leadership, membership, and associates, constituted an "enterprise," as defined by Title 18, United States Code, Section 1961(4) (hereinafter "the Enterprise") that is to say, a group of individuals associated-in-fact. The Enterprise constituted an on-going organization whose members functioned as a continuing unit for a common purpose of achieving the objective of the Enterprise. This Enterprise was engaged in, and its activities affected, interstate and foreign commerce.

Purpose of the "Sinaloa Cartel" Enterprise

3. The purpose of the Enterprise included the following:
 - a. Enriching the members and associates of the Enterprise through, among other things, conspiracy to import and distribute illegal controlled substances, money laundering, and conspiracy to commit murder.
 - b. Promoting and enhancing the Enterprise and the activities of its members and associates.
 - c. Preserving and protecting the power, territory and profits of the Enterprise through the use of intimidation, violence, threats of violence, kidnaping, torture and murder.
 - d. Keeping rival traffickers, potential informants, witnesses against the Enterprise, law enforcement, the media, and the public-at-large in fear of the Enterprise, and in fear of its members and associates through threats of violence and violence.
 - e. Preserving the ongoing viability of the Enterprise by kidnaping, torturing and murdering those determined to be enemies of the Enterprise, disloyal to the Enterprise, or those who lose or steal Enterprise assets.

Means and Methods of the "Sinaloa Cartel" Enterprise

4. Among the means and methods by which the Defendants, and their associates, conducted and participated in the conduct of the affairs of the Enterprise were the following:
 - a. Defendants, along with other members and associates of the Enterprise, coordinated with transportation cells to arrange for large quantities of cocaine and marijuana to be imported into the United States through various drug trafficking routes including the international bridges between Ciudad Juarez and El Paso, Texas, and the miles of open desert stretching out into the Juarez Valley, and oversaw the distribution of the marijuana and cocaine

in Texas and elsewhere in the United States;

- b. Defendants, along with other members and associates of the Enterprise, jointly arranged for the proceeds of their drug trafficking activities collected in the United States to be smuggled back into Mexico;
- c. Defendants, along with other members and associates of the Enterprise, committed, attempted and threatened to commit acts of violence, including kidnapping, torture and murder, to protect and expand the Enterprise's criminal operations;
- d. Defendants, along with other members and associates of the Enterprise, organized, used and threatened to use physical violence against various individuals.

Structure of the Enterprise

5. The Sinaloa Cartel is based in Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, but operates in the Mexican state of Chihuahua, the Western District of Texas, and other states in Mexico and the United States.

6. The primary purpose of the Sinaloa Cartel is to smuggle large quantities of cocaine and marijuana, as well as other drugs, into the United States and distribute them to various destination cities in the United States. The Cartel's success is achieved by securing, maintaining and regulating transportation routes for drugs and drug proceeds between Mexico and the United States. In order to secure and maintain these lucrative "corridors," the members and associates of the Sinaloa Cartel commit acts of violence.

7. The Sinaloa Cartel comprises members of the JOAQUIN "Chapo" GUZMAN LOERA and the Drug Trafficking Organizations (DTO). Regional lieutenants, and their cell members, oversee drug smuggling and money laundering activities, and employ and direct groups including the *Gente Nueva* ("New People")

and the gangs known as *Artistas Asesinos* ("Murder Artists", aka Los Doble A's, Doblados, (AA)), and the "Mexicles", to engage in violent activities in furtherance of the objectives of the Enterprise. Each of the Defendants participated in the operation and management of the Enterprise. The enforcement operations for the Sinaloa Cartel generally are carried out by teams of assassins, known in Spanish as *sicarios*. Their enforcement activities include gathering information or intelligence about competing drug organizations, including the Juarez Cartel lead by Vicente Carrillo Fuentes, and its enforcement arm, known as La Linea and the Barrio Aztecas; enforcing discipline among the members of or persons working on behalf of the Sinaloa Cartel, such as those who could or would not account for lost loads of controlled substances or other acts of perceived disloyalty; and committing acts of violence against competitors and errant cartel members through such means as kidnaping, torture, and murder of the responsible person or his or her family members. Often, the murders involve extreme violence and a public display of the victim, including mutilation and dismemberment of body parts in some ritualistic or symbolic fashion and the display of banners bearing written warnings, known as a "*narco manta*" or "*narco pinta*."

8. The proceeds generated by trafficking in cocaine and marijuana are returned to the Sinaloa Cartel through various methods of money laundering. That money is then used by leadership in the Sinaloa Cartel to pay its members and associates; to reinvest in the acquisition, production, and trafficking of drugs; to invest in the Enterprise by purchasing assets and properties related to the daily function of the Sinaola Cartel, to include firearms, ammunition, bullet-proof vests, radios, telephones, uniforms, and vehicles.

Roles of the Defendants

9. The Defendants participated in the operation and management of the Enterprise.

a. Defendant, JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo," is a co-leader of the Sinaloa Cartel with GUZMAN and are responsible for the importation and distribution of thousands of kilograms of cocaine and thousands of pounds of marijuana into and throughout the United States. The proceeds from the sale of those drugs are ultimately returned to GUZMAN and in Mexico. GUZMAN and supported the *Gente Nueva* in their war with the Juarez Cartel by supplying money and weapons. Some of GUZMAN's important lieutenants in Chihuahua and Durango include:

and

b. Defendant, , is a co-leader of the Sinaloa Cartel with JOAQUIN "Chapo" GUZMAN LOERA. GUZMAN and are responsible for the importation and distribution of thousands of kilograms of cocaine and thousands of pounds of marijuana into and throughout the United States. The proceeds from the sale of those drugs are ultimately returned to GUZMAN and in Mexico. GUZMAN and supported the *Gente Nueva* in their war with the Juarez Cartel by supplying money and weapons. Some of important lieutenants are:

c. Defendant, , is the top lieutenant for , and who manages regional lieutenants in Chihuahua while operating out of Culiacan, Mexico.

d. Defendant, , is a former member of

the Juarez Cartel who broke away and allied with GUZMAN when the Cartel war started.

is a former Mexican Municipal police officer out of the Delicias station.

was assigned by GUZMAN to secure Juarez, the states of Chihuahua and Durango, and Culiacan for the Sinaloa Cartel. At the beginning of the war,

directed enforcement activities in Juarez. In March 2011, left the Sinaloa Cartel, and formed an independent DTO.

e. Defendant, brother of , was in charge of the State of Durango for the Sinaloa Cartel.

was responsible for the assassin squads, drug trafficking, and the collection of drug proceeds. is responsible for numerous acts of kidnapping, torture and murder. In the Spring of 2011, also left the Sinaloa Cartel and joined his brother in the formation of an independent DTO.

f. Defendant, was an independent drug trafficker in the Villa Ahumada, Chihuahua, Mexico area prior to 2007/2008. At that time

primarily trafficked in marijuana after paying "tax" to for permission to move drugs through the Juarez corridor into the United States. When war broke out in Juarez, and others formed the *Gente Nueva*, and approached and GUZMAN for support against the Juarez Cartel. In late 2007 or early 2008, at GUZMAN's direction, became the regional lieutenant in the Juarez area, responsible for the Cartel's enforcement operations.

oversaw numerous assassin squads dedicated to fighting against La Linea and the Barrio Aztecas on behalf of the Sinaloa Cartel. In the fall of 2008, the Cartel expanded

responsibilities to encompass all drug trafficking activities in the region.

coordinated cocaine and marijuana shipments into the United States for the Sinaloa Cartel through the Juarez corridor.

of a logo exclusively used the logo
on cocaine bundles to designate his ownership received
drug proceeds on behalf of the Cartel, and used some of those proceeds to purchase large quantities of firearms that were imported into Mexico from the United States to support the Sinaloa Cartel's battle with the Juarez Cartel. In furtherance of the Cartel's drug trafficking and money laundering activities, directed and was responsible for numerous acts of violence, including but not limited to the following:

(1) In September 2009, at direction, he caused several persons to kidnap S.S. in Horizon City, Texas, a small community southwest of El Paso, Texas. The kidnaping was the result of S.S. having lost approximately 670 pounds of marijuana owned by the Sinaloa Cartel to a seizure by law enforcement agents in Sierra Blanca, Texas, on August 5, 2009. After the kidnaping, S.S. was taken to Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, where interrogated him and ordered that he be killed. On about September 8, 2009, S.S.'s mutilated body was found in Juarez; he had been beaten and strangled and his hands had been severed above the wrists and placed on his chest, to serve as a warning to those who might attempt to steal from the Cartel.

(2) On May 7, 2010, caused an individual in El Paso, Texas, to assist in the identification of R.M.V., a resident of Columbus, New Mexico, and the groom in a wedding in Ciudad Juarez, and several other persons, because of their association with the Juarez Cartel. At direction, the individual traveled to Juarez and was taken to the location of the wedding to identify R.M.V. and his brother J.M.V. Upon

orders, R.M.V., his brother J.M.V., and his uncle, G.M.A. were kidnaped during R.M.V.'s wedding ceremony. The three were tortured and murdered on instructions. Their bodies were found by Juarez police a few days later in the bed of an abandoned pickup truck. A fourth person had been killed during the kidnapping from the wedding ceremony.

g. Defendant, , has distributed drugs for both the Juarez and Sinaloa Cartels. When the Cartel war began, aligned with GUZMAN and the Sinaloa Cartel. is currently the Sinaloa Cartel Plaza boss over the Valle de Juarez, an area east of Ciudad Juarez. is responsible for overseeing drug security, drug distribution, weapons procurement, and receiving drug proceeds. also oversees several assassin squads, and is responsible for numerous acts of kidnapping, torture and murder. is a member of the *Gente Nueva*.

h. Defendant, , was the Station Commander for the Chihuahua State Police. Prior to the cartel war, paid the tax on behalf of the Sinaloa Cartel granting them permission from the Juarez Cartel to move drugs through the Juarez plaza. reports to , and is the top lieutenant for in the Juarez plaza. oversees security forces and warehouses in Juarez where thousands of kilograms of cocaine are unloaded prior to shipment into the United States. cell members included:

, and others. Drug proceeds were returned to by his cell members. exclusively uses the logo of a cartoon character called on cocaine

bundles to designate his ownership.

i. Defendant, , is a former Ciudad Juarez Municipal Police Officer. was one of

largest distributors, and supervised numerous Cartel members and associates involved in Cartel activities. In addition to drug trafficking, was also involved in enforcement operations for the Cartel, and is responsible for the kidnapping, torture and murder of several individuals.

j. Defendant, , brother of , is also a former Ciudad Juarez Municipal Police Officer. is a core member of the cell in Juarez, and is responsible for offloading thousand of kilograms of cocaine at warehouses in Juarez, and then reloading the trailers with hundreds of weapons and millions of dollars in drug proceeds.

k. Defendant, is a former Chihuahua State Police Officer. is a large scale cocaine distributor in the cell who is also known for his extreme acts of violence. Prior to the Cartel war, collected taxes from independent drug traffickers to be paid to the Juarez Cartel for permission to move drugs through the Juarez plaza.

l. Defendant, , is the half-brother of , and a former Ciudad Juarez Municipal Police Officer. is right hand man for , and oversees warehouses in Juarez.

m. Defendant, , is a former

Chihuahua State Police Officer. is a top cocaine distributor and cell leader for . Based on his unique cocaine packaging methods/techniques, both the Juarez and Sinaloa Cartels allowed and his associates to package their cocaine prior to importation into the United States.

n. Defendant, , is a core member of cell in Juarez who participated in unloading and loading of cocaine, drug proceeds, and firearms at warehouses in Juarez.

o. Defendant, , is a large scale cocaine distributor for the cell. is a core member of cell in Juarez who participated in unloading and loading of cocaine, drug proceeds, and firearms at warehouses in Juarez.

p. Defendant, , was right-hand man, who often coordinated cocaine and marijuana shipments, the pick up of drug proceeds, and kidnappings and murders for

Since arrest, has assumed his position of leadership in Juarez for the Sinaloa Cartel.

q. Defendant, was the personal body guard for who participated in numerous kidnappings and murders as part of assassin squads. is the brother of co-defendant,

r. Defendant, is a former Police Officer in the Chihuahua State Police Homicide Unit. At the beginning of the war, was an assassin for

, and participated in several kidnappings and murders.

also worked for the cell in the warehouse activities.

s. Defendant,

, is one of
sicarios.

t. Defendant,

, is a trusted member of cell who oversees cocaine shipments from
Guadalajara to the United States through the Juarez corridor. is also an assassin.

u. Defendant,

trafficked cocaine through the Juarez plaza.

v. Defendant, , is a cocaine and

marijuana trafficker operating in the Juarez plaza for many years with his family.

and his associates worked with to transport cocaine and marijuana loads
into El Paso from Juarez.

w. Defendant, is a top

lieutenant and trusted friend of who runs an assassin squad and
participates in drug trafficking activities.

x. Defendant, , is a former

Mexican Municipal police officer with at the Delicias station. Works
for , in charge of an assassin squad operating in Juarez, and participates
in cocaine distribution.

The Racketeering Conspiracy

10. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing to and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

and others known and unknown, being persons employed by and associated with the Sinaloa Cartel Enterprise, an enterprise described in paragraphs 1 through 9 of this Indictment, which engaged in, and the activities of which affected, interstate and foreign commerce, knowingly, and intentionally conspired, combined, confederated, and agreed together, and with others to the Grand Jury known and unknown, to violate Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962(c), that is

to say, to conduct and participate, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of that enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, as that term is defined in Sections 1961(1) and 1961(5) of Title 18, United States Code, consisting of multiple acts indictable under the following provisions of federal law:

a. 18 U.S.C. Section 1956 (money laundering and conspiracy to launder monetary instruments);

b. 18 U.S.C. Section 956(a)(1)(conspiracy to kill in a foreign country);

and multiple acts involving narcotics trafficking, including cocaine and marijuana, in violation of the following provisions of federal law:

c. 21 U.S.C. Sections 846 and 841(a)(1)(b)(1)(A) (distribution and conspiracy to distribute controlled substances involving over five kilograms of cocaine and over 1000 kilograms of marijuana);

d. 21 U.S.C. Sections 963, 952(a) and 960(a) and (b)(1) (importation and conspiracy to import controlled substances involving over five kilograms of cocaine and over 1000 kilograms of marijuana);

and multiple acts involving:

e. Murder, chargeable under Texas Penal Code Sections 7.01, 7.02, 15.01, 15.02, 19.02 and 19.03;

f. Kidnapping, chargeable under Texas Penal Code Sections 7.01, 7.02, 15.01, 15.02, and 20.04.

11. It was a further part of the conspiracy that each defendant agreed that a conspirator would commit at least two acts of racketeering activity in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962(d).

COUNT TWO

Conspiracy to Possess with Intent to Distribute a Controlled Substance

Title 21, U.S.C. §§ 846 and 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(A)(ii) and (vii)

12. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing to and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

knowingly and intentionally, conspired, combined, confederated, and agreed with others to the Grand Jury known and unknown, to commit offenses against the United States, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 846, that is to say, they conspired to possess a controlled substance, which offense involved five kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Controlled Substance, with intent to distribute same,

and they conspired to possess a controlled substance, which offense involved 1000 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana, a Schedule I Controlled Substance, with intent to distribute same. All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 846 and 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (vii).

COUNT THREE

Conspiracy to Import a Controlled Substance

Title 21, U.S.C. §§ 963 and 952(a) and 960(a), (b)(1)(B) and (G)

13. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing to and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

knowingly and intentionally, conspired, combined, confederated, and agreed with others to the Grand Jury known and unknown, to commit offenses against the United States, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 963, that is to say, they conspired to import a controlled substance, which offense involved five kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Controlled Substance, into the United States from Mexico, and they conspired to import a controlled substance, which offense involved 1000 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana, a Schedule I Controlled Substance, into the United States from Mexico. All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 963, 952(a) and 960(a), (b)(1)(B) and (G).

COUNT FOUR
Conspiracy to Launder Monetary Instruments
(18 U.S.C. §1956(a)(2)(A) & (h))

14. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing to and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

did knowingly conspire with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to transport and transfer and attempt to transport and transfer monetary instruments and funds from a place inside the United States to a place outside the United States, that is the Republic of Mexico, with the intent to promote the carrying on of a specified unlawful activity, that is Distribution and Conspiracy to Possess with the intent to Distribute a Controlled Substance, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(2)(A) and (h).

COUNT FIVE
Conspiracy to Possess Firearms
in Furtherance of any Crime of Violence or Drug Trafficking Crime
(18 U.S.C. § 924(o))

15. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing through and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, Defendants,

knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to commit offenses against the United States, that is, the Defendants conspired to possess firearms in furtherance of the drug trafficking crimes charged in Counts Two and Three of this Indictment, re-alleged herein, contrary to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1) and 924(o).

COUNT SIX
Violent Crimes in Aid of Racketeering
(18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(5))

16. At all times relevant to this Indictment, the Sinaloa Cartel, as more fully described in paragraphs 1 through 9 of Count I of this Indictment, which are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as though set forth fully herein, constituted an enterprise as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(b)(2), namely, the Sinaloa Cartel, that is, a group of individuals associated-in-fact which was engaged in, and the activities of which affected, interstate and foreign commerce. The Enterprise constituted an ongoing organization whose members functioned as a continuing unit for a common purpose of achieving the objectives of the Enterprise.

17. At all times relevant to this Indictment, the above-described Enterprise, through its members and associates, engaged in racketeering activity as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1959(b)(1) and 1961(1), namely, multiple acts involving the felonious

manufacture; importation, receiving, concealment, buying, selling, or otherwise dealing the controlled substances or listed chemicals, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and (b)(1)(A), 846, 952(a), 960(b)(1) and 963; multiple acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code 1956, Sections (a)(2)(A), (b) and (h)(money laundering); and multiple acts indictable under Title 18, United States Code 956(a)(1)(Conspiracy to commit murder abroad); and multiple acts involving murder and kidnapping in violation of Texas Penal Code: Murder, chargeable under Texas Penal Code, Sections 7.01, 7.02, 15.01, 15.02, 19.02, and 19.03; and Kidnapping, chargeable under Texas Penal Code, Sections 7.01, 7.02, 15.01, 15.02, and 20.04.

18. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and an agreement to pay, anything of pecuniary value from the Sinaloa Cartel, and for the purpose of gaining entrance to and maintaining and increasing position in the Sinaloa Cartel, an Enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, the Defendants,

and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly conspired to murder S.S., in violation of Texas Penal Code Sections 15.02 and 19.02.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(a)(5).

COUNT SEVEN
Violent Crimes in Aid of Racketeering
Aid and Abet
(18 U.S.C. §§ 2 and 1959(a)(1))

19. Paragraphs 16 and 17 of Count Six of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
20. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and an agreement to pay, anything of pecuniary value from the Sinaloa Cartel, and for the purpose of gaining entrance to and maintaining and increasing position in the Sinaloa Cartel, an Enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, the Defendants,

intentionally murdered S.S., in the course of committing and attempting to commit kidnapping, in violation of Texas Penal Code Sections 7.01, 7.02, 19.02, and 19.03(a)(2).

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2 and 1959(a)(1).

COUNT EIGHT
Violent Crimes in Aid of Racketeering
(18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(5))

21. Paragraphs 16 and 17 of Count Six of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
22. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including

on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and an agreement to pay, anything of pecuniary value from the Sinaloa Cartel, and for the purpose of gaining entrance to and maintaining and increasing position in the Sinaloa Cartel, an Enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, the Defendants,

and others known and unknown, unlawfully and knowingly conspired to kidnap S.S., in violation of Texas Penal Code Sections 15.02 and 20.04(a)(4).

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(a)(5).

COUNT NINE
Violent Crimes in Aid of Racketeering
Aid and Abet
(18 U.S.C. §§ 2 and 1959(a)(1))

23. Paragraphs 16 and 17 of Count Six of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

24. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and an agreement to pay, anything of pecuniary value from the Sinaloa Cartel, and for the purpose of gaining entrance to and maintaining and increasing position in the Sinaloa Cartel, an Enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, the Defendants,

kidnapped S.S., in violation of Texas Penal Code Sections 7.01, 7.02, and 20.04(a)(4).

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2 and 1959(a)(1).

COUNT TEN
Violent Crimes in Aid of Racketeering
(18 U.S.C. § 1959(a)(5))

25. Paragraphs 16 and 17 of Count Six of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.

26. Beginning on or about May 7, 2010, and continuing through and including on or about May 10, 2010, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, as consideration for the receipt of, and as consideration for a promise and an agreement to pay, anything of pecuniary value from the Sinaloa Cartel, and for the purpose of gaining entrance to and maintaining and increasing position in the Sinaloa Cartel, an Enterprise engaged in racketeering activity, the Defendants,

and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, unlawfully and knowingly conspired to murder R.M.V., J.M.V. and G.M.A., in violation of Texas Penal Code Sections 15.02 and 19.02.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1959(a)(5).

COUNT ELEVEN

**Murder While Engaging In or Working In Furtherance of a
Continuing Criminal Enterprise or Drug Trafficking**
(21 U.S.C. § 848(e)(1)(A))

27. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

while engaging in or working in furtherance of a Continuing Criminal Enterprise as described in Count Twelve, and while engaging in drug trafficking as described in Counts Two, and Three, counseled, commanded, induced, or procured the intentional killing of S.S., in violation of 21 U.S.C. 848(e)(1)(A); and

Furthermore, beginning on or about May 7, 2010, and continuing through and including on or about May 10, 2010, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

while engaging in or working in furtherance of a Continuing Criminal Enterprise as described in Count Twelve, and while engaging in drug trafficking as described in Counts Two, and Three, counseled, commanded, induced, or procured the intentional killing of R.M.V., J.M.V., and G.M.A., in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 848(e)(1)(A).

COUNT TWELVE
Engaging in a Continuing Criminal Enterprise
in furtherance of Drug Trafficking
(21 U.S.C. §§ 848 (b)(1) and (b)(2)(A))

28. Beginning on or about January 1, 2000, and continuing to and including on or about April 11, 2012, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, the Republic of Mexico, and elsewhere, the Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

did engage in a Continuing Criminal Enterprise, that is these Defendants conspired to distribute and to possess with intent to distribute more than 150 kilograms of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Controlled Substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 846, and conspired to import from the Republic of Mexico to the United States more than 150 kilograms of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Controlled Substance, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 963, which were part of a continuing series of such violations, as alleged in Counts Two and Three, in which these Defendants were the principle administrators, organizers, and leaders of more than five (5) other persons participating in this Continuing Criminal Enterprise, and that Defendants,

(1) JOAQUIN GUZMAN LOERA, aka "Chapo",

obtained substantial income and resources from this Continuing Criminal Enterprise.

All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 848(b)(1) and (b)(2)(A).

COUNT THIRTEEN
Conspiracy to Kill In a Foreign Country
(18 U.S.C. § 956(a)(1))

29. Beginning on or about May 7, 2010, and continuing through and including on or about May 10, 2010, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas, Defendants,

and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, at least one of whom having been within the jurisdiction of the United States, knowingly, willfully, and unlawfully conspired with one another to commit outside the United States an act that would constitute the offense of murder if committed in the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, that is, the kidnapping and murders of R.M.V., J.M.V., and G.M.A., and one or more of the conspirators committed an act within the jurisdiction of the United States to effect an object of the conspiracy.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 956(a)(1).

COUNT FOURTEEN
Kidnapping and Aid and Abet
(18 U.S.C. §§ 1201(a)(1) and 2)

30. Beginning on or about September 3, 2009, and continuing through and including on or about September 8, 2009, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in the Western District of Texas and elsewhere, the Defendants,

aided and abetted, did unlawfully kidnap, abduct, seize, confine and carry away a person, to wit: SS, and willfully transport the victim in foreign commerce from the State of Texas to the State of Chihuahua, Mexico, and hold him for reward and otherwise, during which a death occurred, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1201(a)(1) and 2.

A TRUE BILL.

~~ORIGINAL SIGNATURE
REDACTED PURSUANT TO
E-GOVERNMENT ACT OF 2002~~
FOREPERSON OF THE GRAND JURY

ROBERT PITMAN
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BY:


Assistant U.S. Attorney